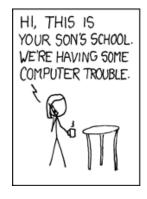
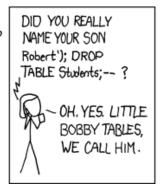
Multiple-Choice Questions:

1. What type of attack did the parents in this XKCD comic perform?









- a. Cross-site scripting
- b. SQL injection
- c. Child endangerment
- d. Reverse lookup
- e. Mask and shift
- 2. Which of the following is <u>not</u> a type of attack?
 - a. Eavesdropping
 - b. Cross-site scripting
 - c. Authentication
 - d. SQL Injection
 - e. None of the above (i.e., they are all attacks)
- 3. Where does packet sniffing happen?
 - a. Over the network
 - b. On GitHub
 - c. In the database
 - d. All of the above
 - e. None of the above

4.	How d	o you prevent SQL injection?
	a.	Escape user input
	b.	Interrupt requests
	c.	Merge tables
	d.	All of the above
	e.	None of the above
5.	In cros	s-site scripting where does the malicious script execute?
	a.	On the web server
	b.	In the user's browser
	c.	On the attacker's system
	d.	In the web app model code
	e.	None of the above
6.	Which	of the following is <u>not</u> a CERT security practice?
	a.	Adhere to the principle of least privilege
	b.	Sanitize data sent to other software
	c.	Use effective quality assurance techniques
	d.	Validate input
	e.	None of the above (i.e., all of them are CERT security practices)

7. T or F? Eavesdropping can be countered by using encryption.

a. True

b. False

	b.	Scan for viruses	
	c.	Encrypt network communication with SSL	
	d.	Packet plugs	
	e.	None of the above	
9.		e a social networking web app (like Twitter) that allows users to post short blurbs of text. type of attack might be carried out by posting text that contains malicious code?	
	a.	Cross-site scripting	
	b.	SQL injection	
	c.	Packet sniffing	
	d.	a and b	
	e.	a, b, and c	
10. Which of the following are most vulnerable to injection attacks?			
	a.	Session IDs	
	b.	Registry keys	
	c.	Network communications	
	d.	SQL queries based on user input	
	e.	None of the above are vulnerable to injection attacks	

8. How do you prevent packet-sniffing attacks?

a. Escape packet text

- 11. Which of the following is <u>not</u> a CERT security practice?
 - a. Use blacklists to restrict access to services and resources
 - b. Sanitize data sent to other software
 - c. Use effective quality assurance techniques
 - d. Validate input
 - e. None of the above (i.e., all of them are CERT security practices)

Solutions:

- 1. b
- 2. c
- 3. a
- 4. a
- 5. b
- 6. e
- 7. a
- 8. c
- 9. d
- 10. d
- 11. a

Problem: Consider a web app that displays user posts, similar to Twitter and Facebook. The developers of the web app have accidentally left it vulnerable to cross-site scripting attacks. Explain how you would perform a cross-site scripting attack against the web app. Be thorough in your explanation.			

Solution:

I would set up the attack by creeting JavaScript that
does something harmful. For example, it might redirect
the current who page to one that I made. My web page
might try to trick the user into entering his/her usunam
and password, which I would then steal.
To perform the attack, I would make a user post using
the wab app. My post would contain HTML code that
Causes my Java Script to execute when loaded. Thus, any
web app wer who viewed my post would fall victim to
my attack.
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Questions:

Consider the YouTube comment section interface:



- 1. Which of the following attacks might some attempt to perpetrate by adding a public comment? Circle <u>all</u> that apply.
 - a. Packet sniffing
 - b. Cross-site scripting
 - c. Eavesdropping
 - d. Man-in-the-middle attack
 - e. SQL injection
- 2. How do you prevent the above attack(s)? Circle <u>all</u> that apply.
 - a. Sanitize inputs
 - b. Redirect requests
 - c. Escape input characters
 - d. Disable cookies
 - e. Authenticate users

Solutions:

- 1. b, e (must have both answers)
- 2. a, c (must have both answers)